Case: 4:13-cr-00414-ERW-SPM Doc. #: 18 Filed: 05/11/20 Page: 1 of 3 PageID #: 40

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

for the

Eastern District of Missouri

United States of America)	
v.)	
)	Case No. 4:13-CR-414 ERW
JEROME GUIN)	
Defendant)	

JEROME GUIN	
Defendant)
ORDER OF I	DETENTION PENDING TRIAL
Part	I - Eligibility for Detention
Upon the	
	ney pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 3142(f)(1), or
☐ Motion of the Government or Co	urt's own motion pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 3142(f)(2),
	detention is warranted. This order sets forth the Court's findings of fact § 3142(i), in addition to any other findings made at the hearing.
Part II - Findings of Fac	ct and Law as to Presumptions under § 3142(e)
-	or 18 U.S.C. § 3142(e)(2) (previous violator): There is a rebuttable on of conditions will reasonably assure the safety of any other person conditions have been met:
	e of the following crimes described in 18 U.S.C. § 3142(f)(1):
	tion of 18 U.S.C. § 1591, or an offense listed in 18 U.S.C.
<u></u>	maximum term of imprisonment of 10 years or more is prescribed; or
	aximum sentence is life imprisonment or death; or
Controlled Substances Act (21	imum term of imprisonment of 10 years or more is prescribed in the U.S.C. §§ 801-904), the Controlled Substances Import and Export Act apter 705 of Title 46, U.S.C. (46 U.S.C. §§ 70501-70508); or
(a) through (c) of this paragraph described in subparagraphs (a)	has been convicted of two or more offenses described in subparagraphs oh, or two or more State or local offenses that would have been offenses through (c) of this paragraph if a circumstance giving rise to Federal ombination of such offenses; or
(e) any felony that is not other	wise a crime of violence but involves:
*	session of a firearm or destructive device (as defined in 18 U.S.C. § 921); on; or (iv) a failure to register under 18 U.S.C. § 2250; and
	en convicted of a Federal offense that is described in 18 U.S.C. ffense that would have been such an offense if a circumstance giving rise and
\square (3) the offense described in paragraph	ph (2) above for which the defendant has been convicted was
	on release pending trial for a Federal, State, or local offense; and
	ears has elapsed since the date of conviction, or the release of the
defendant from imprisonment, for the	ne offense described in paragraph (2) above, whichever is later.

AO 472	(Rev. 1	1/16)	Order o	f Detention	Pending	Trial
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B. Rebuttable Presumption Arises Under 18 U.S.C. § 3142(e)(3) (narcotics, firearm, other offenses): There is a
rebuttable presumption that no condition or combination of conditions will reasonably assure the appearance of the defendant as required and the safety of the community because there is probable cause to believe that the defendant committed one or more of the following offenses:
\boxtimes (1) an offense for which a maximum term of imprisonment of 10 years or more is prescribed in the
Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. §§ 801-904), the Controlled Substances Import and Export Act (21 U.S.C. §§ 951-971), or Chapter 705 of Title 46, U.S.C. (46 U.S.C. §§ 70501-70508);
(2) an offense under 18 U.S.C. §§ 924(c), 956(a), or 2332b;
(3) an offense listed in 18 U.S.C. § 2332b(g)(5)(B) for which a maximum term of imprisonment of 10 years or more is prescribed;
(4) an offense under Chapter 77 of Title 18, U.S.C. (18 U.S.C. §§ 1581-1597) for which a maximum term of imprisonment of 20 years or more is prescribed; or
(5) an offense involving a minor victim under 18 U.S.C. §§ 1201, 1591, 2241, 2242, 2244(a)(1), 2245, 2251, 2251A, 2252(a)(1), 2252(a)(2), 2252(a)(3), 2252A(a)(1), 2252A(a)(2), 2252A(a)(3), 2252A(a)(4), 2260, 2421, 2422, 2423, or 2425.
□ C. Conclusions Regarding Applicability of Any Presumption Established Above
The defendant has not introduced sufficient evidence to rebut the presumption above, and detention is
ordered on that basis. (Part III need not be completed.)
OR
☐ The defendant has presented evidence sufficient to rebut the presumption, but after considering the
presumption and the other factors discussed below, detention is warranted.
Part III - Analysis and Statement of the Reasons for Detention
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Case: 4:13-cr-00414-ERW-SPM Doc. #: 18 Filed: 05/11/20 Page: 3 of 3 PageID #: 42 AO 472 (Rev. 11/16) Order of Detention Pending Trial Significant family or other ties outside the United States Lack of legal status in the United States Subject to removal or deportation after serving any period of incarceration Prior failure to appear in court as ordered Prior attempt(s) to evade law enforcement Use of alias(es) or false documents Background information unknown or unverified Prior violations of probation, parole, or supervised release OTHER REASONS OR FURTHER EXPLANATION: The Court held a detention hearing on May 4, 2020. Defendant appeared by video conference and was represented by counsel who was present by video conference. An Assistant United States Attorney also appeared by video conference. The Pretrial Services Report dated May 5, 2020 is incorporated by reference. Defendant is charged in a two count indictment with conspiracy to possess psuedoephedrine knowing it would be used to manufacture methamphetamine and possession of pseudoephedrine knowing it would be used to manufacture methamphetamine. During the hearing, the United States argued that Defendant has evaded arrest for more than six years and is therefore a flight risk. Defendant claims that he has numerous health problems and that confinement in a jail during the current COVID-19 pandemic would endanger him. Counsel for Defendant and the Government were given the opportunity to provide supplemental briefing following the hearing. The Government filed a supplement, but Defendant did not file supplemental briefing. Defendant has a prior weapons conviction and a history of failures to appear for court. In addition, the United States Marshals Service has been seeking Defendant for more than six years. After considering the Pretrial Services Report and arguments of counsel, I find by a preponderance of the evidence that no condition or combination of conditions of release will reasonably assure the defendant's appearance as required. Therefore, the government's motion for detention is granted. Part IV - Directions Regarding Detention The defendant is remanded to the custody of the Attorney General or to the Attorney General's designated representative for confinement in a corrections facility separate, to the extent practicable, from persons awaiting or serving sentences or being held in custody pending appeal. The defendant must be afforded a reasonable opportunity for private consultation with defense counsel. On order of a court of the United States or on request of an attorney for the Government, the person in charge of the corrections facility must deliver the defendant to a United States Marshal for the purpose of an appearance in connection with a court proceeding.

/s/Nannette A. Baker
United States Magistrate Judge

Date:

05/11/2020